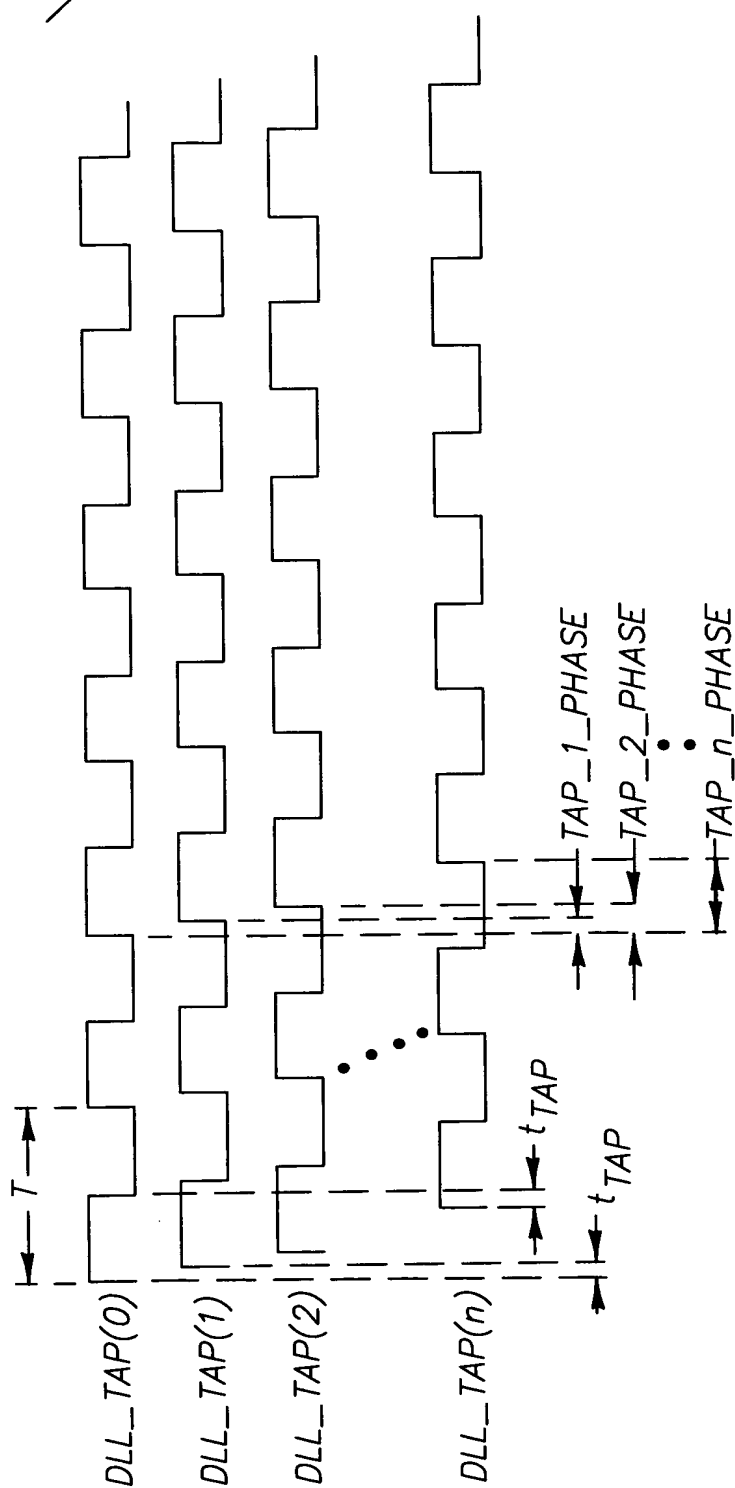


FIG. 1



$T_{tap} = (1/[n(n+1)])*T =$ WHERE $T =$ CLOCK PERIOD, $n=$ NUMBER OF DLL TAPS= $1/2$ THE

NUMBER OF OUTPUT CLOCK OFFSET/WIDTH POSITIONS WITHIN ONE PERIOD, T .

$TAP_0_PHASE = T_{TAP} * 0 = 0$

$TAP_1_PHASE = T_{TAP} * 1$

$TAP_2_PHASE = T_{TAP} * 2$

...

$TAP_n_PHASE = T_{TAP} * n$

FIG. 2

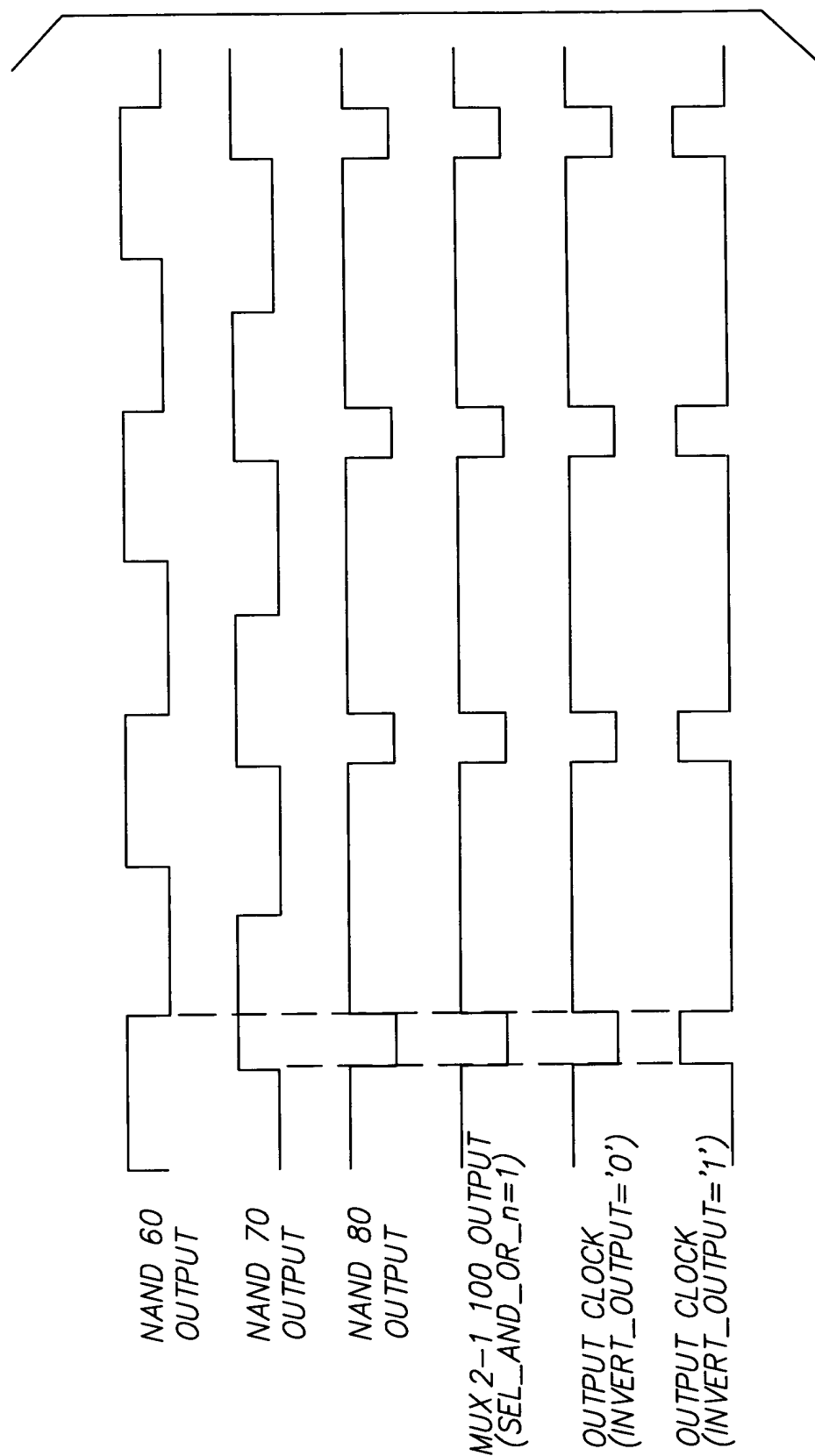


FIG. 3

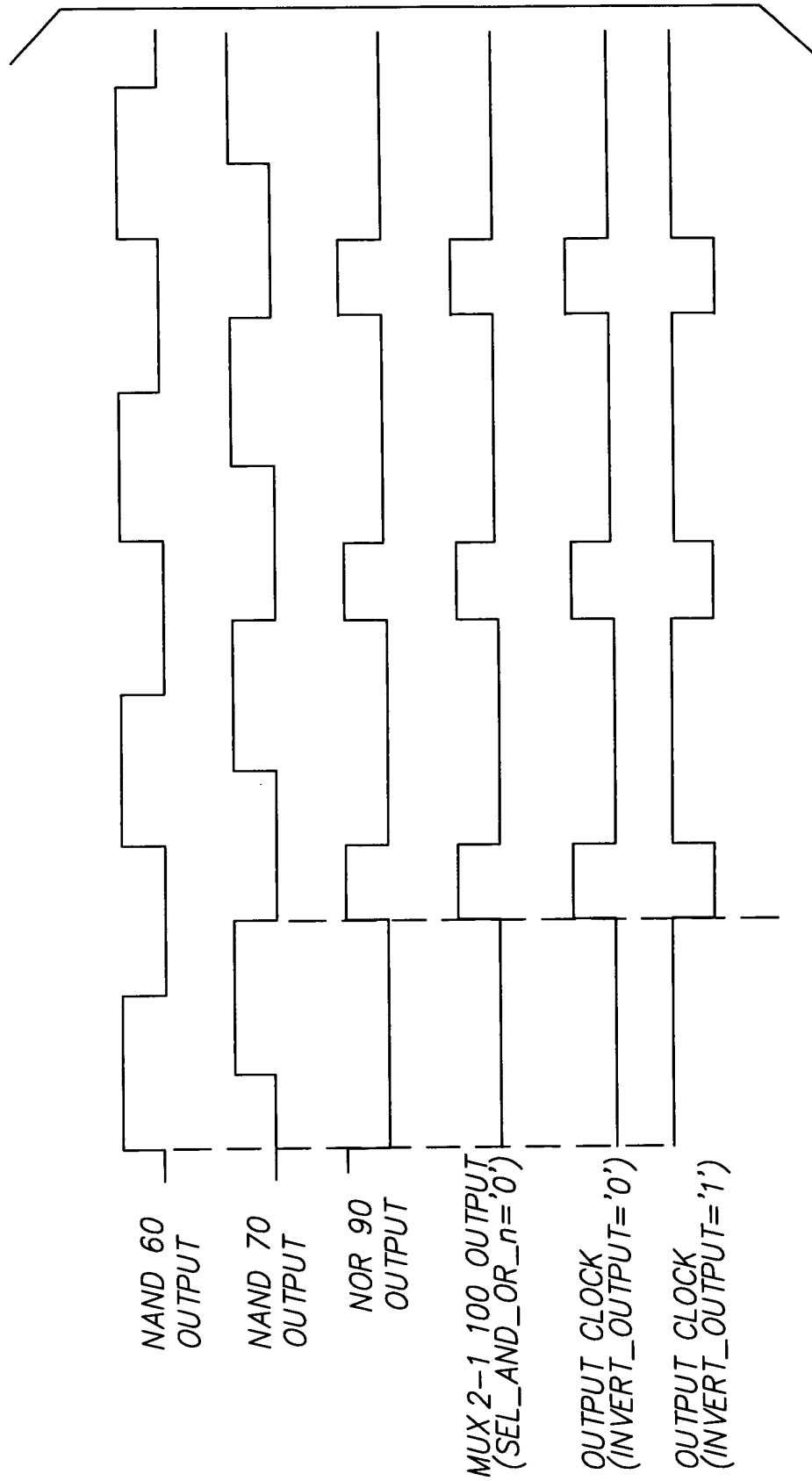


FIG. 4